

Clinical Policy: Pediatric Kidney Transplant

Reference Number: CP.MP.246

Date of Last Revision: 02/25

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Description

Kidney transplantation is the preferred treatment option for pediatric patients with advanced chronic kidney disease (CKD) and end-stage renal disease (ESRD).^{1,2,3,4} This policy establishes the medical necessity requirements for pediatric kidney transplants.

The criteria below are sourced from Kidney Disease: Improving Global Outcomes (KDIGO) 2020 clinical practice guideline on the evaluation and management of candidates for kidney transplantation⁵, the KDIGO 2022 clinical practice guideline for the prevention, diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of hepatitis C in chronic kidney disease⁶, and the 2015 Organ Procurement Transplant Network (OPTN) educational guidance on patient referral to kidney transplantation¹.

The criteria below are derived from professional guidelines that experts in the field developed by systematically examining current evidence regarding the risks and benefits of kidney transplantation, based on specific conditions and suitability of transplant candidates. The guidelines utilized for the below criteria consider the complexity of transplant candidate selection and the various risk factors for poor transplant outcomes. They provide recommendations on the evaluation and management of potential transplant candidates and suitability for kidney transplantation as an effective treatment option to improve quality of life, improve growth rates in children, and increase survival. Given the rigor of the guidelines on which this policy is based, the benefits of receiving a kidney transplant in pediatric individuals meeting the criteria below outweigh the potential risk of adverse outcomes related to receiving a transplant that is not indicated or not receiving a transplant that is indicated.

Note: For criteria applicable to Medicare plans, please see MC.CP.MP.246 Pediatric Kidney Transplant.

Policy/Criteria

- I. It is the policy of non-Medicare health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation[®] that pediatric kidney transplantation for pediatric members/enrollees (age < 18) is **medically necessary** when all of the following conditions are met:
 - A. Advanced renal disease including one of the following:
 1. End-stage renal disease (ESRD) (stage 5) with glomerular filtration rate (GFR) < 15 mL/min/1.73m²;⁵
 2. Chronic kidney disease (CKD) (stage 4) with GFR < 30 mL/min/1.73m² in member/enrollees who are expected to reach ESRD^{1,5}:

Note: Patients with a GFR above 30 mL/min/1.73² who are rapidly progressing toward ESRD should be referred for kidney transplant evaluation.¹

- B. Does not have any of the following contraindications:
1. Active infection that is not properly treated, except for hepatitis C virus infection^{5,6};
 2. HIV infection with detectable viral load, unless all of the following are documented⁵:
 - a. CD4 cell count > 200 cells/mm³;
 - b. Absence of active AIDS-defining opportunistic infection;
 - c. Member/enrollee is currently on effective ART (antiretroviral therapy);
 3. Active malignancy with high risk of recurrence or death related to cancer⁵;
 4. Stroke within the past 6 months or transient ischemic attack within the past 3 months. (If member/enrollee has had a myocardial infarction, clearance from a cardiologist is required prior to kidney transplant)⁵;
 5. Active symptomatic cardiac disease (e.g., angina, arrhythmia, heart failure, valvular heart disease) that has not been evaluated by a cardiologist⁵;
 6. Active symptomatic peripheral arterial disease not properly managed⁵;
 7. Inability to adhere to the regimen necessary to preserve the transplant, even with caregiver support⁵;
 8. Active or ongoing substance use disorder that affects decision-making or puts the member/enrollee at a high level of post-transplant risk⁵;
 9. Acute pancreatitis within the last 3 months⁵;
 10. Decompensated cirrhosis unless candidate for combined liver-kidney transplant⁵;
 11. Elevated levels of circulating antiglomerular basement membrane antibodies.⁵

Background

Kidney transplantation is an effective treatment option for advanced chronic kidney disease (CKD) and end-stage renal disease (ESRD), as it improves quality of life and increases patient survival in comparison to dialysis.^{1,2,3,4} Decline in growth rate is a common complication in children with CKD, and poor growth can indicate disease severity and be associated with substantial morbidity and mortality.³ Kidney transplantation can prevent and improve growth failure, particularly in young children under six years of age.^{2,3}

Determining candidates for kidney transplantation requires a multidisciplinary care team approach and careful consideration of the individual's unique situation. In the pediatric patient population, preemptive kidney transplantation is the most preferred treatment option for ESRD, due to decreased mortality rates and better health-related outcomes compared to dialysis.⁷ Preemptive or primary transplantation, in which kidney transplantation is the first line of treatment for ESRD, typically involves a transplant from a living donor related to the patient.

According to the 2020 Kidney Disease: Improving Global Outcomes (KDIGO) clinical practice guidelines regarding the evaluation and management of kidney transplant candidates, it is recommended that the cause of ESRD be determined, when possible, in order to be better informed of risks and management for patients following kidney transplantation.⁵ According to the North American Pediatric Renal Trials and Collaborate Studies (NAPRTCS) registry from 1987 to 2017, 30% of pediatric kidney transplant recipients have primary diagnoses that involve congenital anomalies of the kidney and urinary tract, such as renal dysplasia, renal aplasia, renal hypoplasia, and obstructive uropathy.² Additional underlying etiologies for pediatric kidney transplant recipients include hereditary kidney disease, reflux nephropathy, pyelonephritis, interstitial nephritis, hemolytic uremic syndrome, and acquired glomerular disease, such as focal segmental glomerulosclerosis and lupus nephritis.^{2,4}

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Coding Implications

This clinical policy references Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®). CPT® is a registered trademark of the American Medical Association. All CPT codes and descriptions are copyrighted 2024, American Medical Association. All rights reserved. CPT codes and CPT descriptions are from the current manuals and those included herein are not intended to be all-inclusive and are included for informational purposes only. Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

CPT® Codes	Description
50300	Donor nephrectomy (including cold preservation); from cadaver donor, unilateral or bilateral
50320	Donor nephrectomy (including cold preservation); open, from living donor
50323	Backbench standard preparation of cadaver donor renal allograft prior to transplantation, including dissection and removal of perinephric fat, diaphragmatic and retroperitoneal attachments, excision of adrenal gland, and preparation of ureter(s), renal vein(s), and renal artery(s), ligating branches, as necessary
50325	Backbench standard preparation of living donor renal allograft (open or laparoscopic) prior to transplantation, including dissection and removal of perinephric fat and preparation of ureter(s), renal vein(s), and renal artery(s), ligating branches, as necessary
50327	Backbench reconstruction of cadaver or living donor renal allograft prior to transplantation; venous anastomosis, each
50328	Backbench reconstruction of cadaver or living donor renal allograft prior to transplantation; arterial anastomosis, each
50329	Backbench reconstruction of cadaver or living donor renal allograft prior to transplantation; ureteral anastomosis, each
50360	Renal allotransplantation, implantation of graft; without recipient nephrectomy
50365	Renal allotransplantation, implantation of graft; with recipient nephrectomy
50547	Laparoscopy, surgical; donor nephrectomy (including cold preservation), from living donor

HCPCS Codes	Description
S2152	Solid organ(s), complete or segmental, single organ or combination of organs; deceased or living donor(s), procurement, transplantation, and related complications; including: drugs; supplies; hospitalization with outpatient follow-up; medical/surgical, diagnostic, emergency, and rehabilitative services, and the number of days of pre- and posttransplant care in the global definition

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Review Date	Approval Date
Policy developed.	09/22	09/22

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Annual review. Description updated to include source information for policy criteria. Updated Criteria I.A.1. from glomerular filtration rate (GFR) ≤ 15 mL/min/1.73m ² to GFR < 15 mL/min/1.73m ² to align with Kidney Disease: Improving Global Outcomes (KDIGO) guidance and Organ Procurement Transplant Network (OPTN) guidance. Updated Criteria I.A.2. to include members/enrollees with CKD stage 4 with GFR < 30 mL/min/1.73m ² who are expected to reach end stage renal disease (ESRD) to align with KDIGO guidance and OPTN guidance. Updated contraindications in I.B. consistent with KDIGO guidelines. References reviewed and updated.	08/23	08/23
Added note to policy to refer to MC.CP.MP.246 for Medicare criteria. Added “non-Medicare” to health plans in Policy/Criteria I.	08/23	
Annual review. Updated contraindication I.B.2, adding a. through c. References reviewed and updated. Reviewed by external specialist.	04/24	04/24
Annual review. Background updated with no clinical significance. References reviewed and updated. Reviewed by internal specialist.	02/25	02/25

References

1. Health Resources and Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health & Human Services - Organ Procurement & Transplantation Network. Educational Guidance on Patient Referral to Kidney Transplantation. <https://optn.transplant.hrsa.gov/professionals/by-topic/guidance/educational-guidance-on-patient-referral-to-kidney-transplantation/>. Published September 2015. Accessed January 14, 2025.
2. McDonald, RA. Kidney transplantation in children: General principles. UpToDate. www.uptodate.com. Published December 14, 2023. Accessed January 14, 2025.
3. Tönshoff, B. Growth failure in children with chronic kidney disease: Prevention and management. UpToDate. www.uptodate.com. Published August 31, 2022. Accessed January 14, 2025.
4. Cho MH. Erratum: Pediatric kidney transplantation is different from adult kidney transplantation. Korean J Pediatr. 2018;61(8):264. doi:10.3345/kjp.2018.61.8.264Chadban SJ, Ahn C, Axelrod DA, et al. KDIGO Clinical Practice Guideline on the Evaluation and Management of Candidates for Kidney Transplantation. *Transplantation*. 2020;104(4S1 Suppl 1):S11 to S103. doi:10.1097/TP.00000000000003136
5. Kidney Disease: Improving Global Outcomes (KDIGO). KDIGO 2022 Clinical Practice Guideline for the Prevention, Diagnosis, Evaluation, and Treatment of Hepatitis C in Chronic Kidney Disease. *Kidney Int*. 2022;102(6S):S129 to S205. doi:10.1016/j.kint.2022.07.013
6. Warady BA, Shroff R. Overview of kidney replacement therapy for children with chronic kidney disease. UpToDate. www.uptodate.com. Published August 1, 2023. Accessed January 14, 2025.

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical

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practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. “Health Plan” means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan’s affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members/enrollees. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members/enrollees. Members/enrollees should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this clinical policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom the Health Plan has no control or right of control. Providers are not agents or employees of the Health Plan.

This clinical policy is the property of the Health Plan. Unauthorized copying, use, and distribution of this clinical policy or any information contained herein are strictly prohibited. Providers, members/enrollees, and their representatives are bound to the terms and conditions expressed herein through the terms of their contracts. Where no such contract exists, providers, members/enrollees and their representatives agree to be bound by such terms and conditions by providing services to members/enrollees and/or submitting claims for payment for such services.

Note: For Medicaid members/enrollees, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

Note: For Medicare members/enrollees, to ensure consistency with the Medicare National Coverage Determinations (NCD) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCD), all applicable NCDs, LCDs, and Medicare Coverage Articles should be reviewed prior to applying the criteria

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set forth in this clinical policy. Refer to the CMS website at <http://www.cms.gov> for additional information.

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