



# Clinical Policy: Filgrastim (Neupogen), Filgrastim-sndz (Zarxio), Tbofilgrastim (Granix), Filgrastim-aafi (Nivestym)

Reference Number: AZ.CP.PHAR.297 Effective Date: 04.15.20 Last Review Date: 08.21 Line of Business: Arizona Medicaid (AzCH-CCP and Care1st)

Coding Implications Revision Log

# See <u>Important Reminder</u> at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

## Description

Filgrastim (Neupogen<sup>®</sup>) and its biosimilars, filgrastim-sndz (Zarxio<sup>®</sup>), filgrastim-aafi (Nivestym<sup>™</sup>), and tbo-filgrastim (Granix<sup>®</sup>), are human granulocyte colony-stimulating factors.

<u>AHCCCS preferred drugs</u> in this class include Neupogen (filgrastim) and Nivestym (filgrastim-aafi).

<u>AHCCCS non-preferred drugs</u> in this class include Granix (tbo-filgrastim) and Zarxio (filgrastim-sndz).

## FDA Approved Indication(s)

Granix is indicated to reduce the duration of severe neutropenia in adult and pediatric patients 1 month and older with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs associated with a clinically significant incidence of febrile neutropenia (FN).

Neupogen, Nivestym, and Zarxio are indicated to:

- Decrease the incidence of infection, as manifested by FN, in patients with nonmyeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs associated with a significant incidence of severe neutropenia with fever
- Reduce the time to neutrophil recovery and the duration of fever, following induction or consolidation chemotherapy treatment of patients with acute myeloid leukemia (AML)
- Reduce the duration of neutropenia and neutropenia-related clinical sequelae, e.g., FN, in patients with nonmyeloid malignancies undergoing myeloablative chemotherapy followed by bone marrow transplantation (BMT)
- Mobilize autologous hematopoietic progenitor cells into the peripheral blood for collection by leukapheresis
- Reduce the incidence and duration of sequelae of severe neutropenia (e.g., fever, infections, oropharyngeal ulcers) in symptomatic patients with congenital neutropenia, cyclic neutropenia, or idiopathic neutropenia

Neupogen is also indicated to increase survival in patients acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of radiation (hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome).

## Policy/Criteria

*Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.* 





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It is the policy of Arizona Complete Health-Complete Care Plan and Care1st that Neupogen, Zarxio, Nivestym, and Granix are **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

## I. Initial Approval Criteria

#### A. Chemotherapy-Induced Neutropenia (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of non-myeloid malignancy or AML;
- 2. Prescribed for use following myelosuppressive chemotherapy;
- 3. For Granix or Zarxio requests, medical justification supports inability to use Neupogen\* and Nivestym (syringe)\* (e.g., contraindications to the excipients); *\*Prior authorization may be required for Neupogen and Nivestym (syringe)*.
- 4. For members receiving palliative chemotherapy, provider attestation that chemotherapy dose reduction has been considered;
- 5. Dose does not exceed 30 mcg/kg per day [IV] or 24 mcg/kg per day [SC] (*see Appendix E for dose rounding guidelines*).

#### Approval duration: 6 months

#### **B. Bone Marrow Transplantation** (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of non-myeloid malignancy;
- 2. Member is undergoing myeloablative chemotherapy following BMT;
- 3. For Granix or Zarxio requests, medical justification supports inability to use Neupogen\* and Nivestym (syringe)\* (e.g., contraindications to the excipients); *\*Prior authorization may be required for Neupogen and Nivestym (syringe).*
- 4. Dose does not exceed 10 mcg/kg per day [IV or SC] (*see Appendix E for dose rounding guidelines*).

#### Approval duration: 6 months

#### C. Peripheral Blood Progenitor Cell Collection (must meet all):

- 1. Prescribed for the mobilization of autologous hematopoietic progenitor cells into the peripheral blood for collection by leukapheresis;
- 2. The prescribed drug will be initiated before leukapheresis (e.g., prescribed for 6 to 7 days with leukapheresis on days 5, 6 and 7);
- 3. For Granix or Zarxio requests, medical justification supports inability to use Neupogen\* and Nivestym (syringe)\* (e.g., contraindications to the excipients); *\*Prior authorization may be required for Neupogen and Nivestym (syringe).*
- 4. Request meets one of the following (a or b):\*
  - a. Dose does not exceed 10 mcg/kg per day [IV or SC] (*see Appendix E for dose rounding guidelines*);
  - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*). \**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN*.

#### Approved duration: 1 month





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## D. Chronic Neutropenia (must meet all):

- 1. Prescribed for use in symptomatic (e.g., fever, infections, oropharyngeal ulcers) severe chronic neutropenia caused by congenital neutropenia, cyclic neutropenia, or idiopathic neutropenia;
- 2. For Granix or Zarxio requests, medical justification supports inability to use Neupogen\* and Nivestym (syringe)\* (e.g., contraindications to the excipients); *\*Prior authorization may be required for Neupogen and Nivestym (syringe)*.
- 3. Dose does not exceed: 30 mcg/kg per day [IV] or 24 mcg/kg per day [SC] (*see Appendix E for dose rounding guidelines*).

Approved duration: 6 months

## E. Acute Radiation Syndrome (must meet all):

- 1. Prescribed for use following suspected or confirmed acute exposure to myelosuppressive doses of radiation;
- 2. For Granix or Zarxio requests, medical justification supports inability to use Neupogen\* and Nivestym (syringe)\* (e.g., contraindications to the excipients);
- 3. Dose does not exceed 10 mcg/kg per day [SC] (*see Appendix E for dose rounding guidelines*).

## Approved duration: 6 months

## F. Myelodysplastic Syndrome (off-label) (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of myelodysplastic syndrome with symptomatic anemia without del (5q) abnormality;
- 2. Current (within the past 30 days) serum erythropoietin level  $\leq$  500 mU/mL;
- 3. For Granix or Zarxio requests, medical justification supports inability to use Neupogen\* and Nivestym (syringe)\* (e.g., contraindications to the excipients); \**Prior authorization may be required for Neupogen and Nivestym (syringe)*.
- 4. Request meets one of the following (a or b):
  a. Dose does not exceed 30 mcg/kg/day [IV] or 24 mcg/kg per day [SC] (see Appendix E for dose rounding guidelines);

b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

## Approved duration: 6 months

## D. Wilms Tumor (off-label) (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of Wilms tumor (nephroblastoma);
- 2. Request is for supportive care for member receiving a regimen of cyclophosphamide and etoposide, or cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin, and vincristine in Regimen M and Regimen I (see Appendix D);
- 3. Request is for treatment associated with Stage IV or metastatic cancer for a State with regulations against step therapy in advanced oncology settings (see Appendix E);
- 4. For Granix or Zarxio requests, medical justification supports inability to use Neupogen\* and Nivestym (syringe)\* (e.g., contraindications to the excipients);





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\*Prior authorization may be required for Neupogen and Nivestym (syringe).

- 5. Request meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Dose does not exceed 30 mcg/kg/day [IV] or 24 mcg/kg per day [SC] (see Appendix E for dose rounding guidelines);
  - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (prescriber must submit supporting evidence).

## Approved duration: 6 months

## G. Other diagnoses/indications

1. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): AZ.CP.PMN.53 for Arizona Medicaid.

## **II.** Continued Therapy

## A. All Indications in Section I (must meet all):

- 1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
- 2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
- 3. For Granix or Zarxio requests, medical justification supports inability to use Neupogen\* and Nivestym (syringe)\* (e.g., contraindications to the excipients); *\*Prior authorization may be required for Neupogen and Nivestym (syringe)*
- 4. If request is for a dose increase, request meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. New dose does not exceed the FDA-approved maximum recommended dose for the relevant indication (*see Appendix E for dose rounding guidelines*);
  - b. New dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

## Approval duration: 6 months

## **B.** Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

- 1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy.
  - Approval duration: Duration of request or 6 months (whichever is less); or
- 2. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): AZ.CP.PMN.53 for Arizona Medicaid.

## III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies – AZ. CP.PMN.53 for Arizona Medicaid or evidence of coverage documents.

## **IV. Appendices/General Information**





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Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key AML: acute myeloid leukemia ANC: absolute neutrophil count BMT: bone marrow transplantation FDA: Food and Drug Administration

FN: febrile neutropenia G-CSF: granulocyte colony-stimulating factor

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives Not applicable

## Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s): history of serious allergic reactions
- Boxed warning(s): none reported

## Appendix D: General Information

- Zarxio is not recommended in patients requiring direct administration of less than 0.3 mL due to the potential for dosing errors. The spring-mechanism of the needle guard apparatus affixed to the prefilled syringe interferes with the visibility of the graduation markings on the syringe barrel corresponding to 0.1 mL and 0.2 mL. The visibility of these markings is necessary to accurately measure doses of Zarxio less than 0.3 mL (180 mcg).
- Neutropenia is defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 500 neutrophils/mcL or an ANC of < 1,000 neutrophils/mcL and a predicted decline to ≤ 500 neutrophils/mcL over the next 48 hours. Neutropenia can progress to FN, defined as a single temperature of ≥ 38.8°C orally or ≥ 38.0°C over 1 hour.
- The development of febrile neutropenia is a common dose-limiting toxicity of many chemotherapy regimens. This risk is directly related to the intensity of the chemotherapy regimen. Chemotherapy regimens that have an incidence of febrile neutropenia greater than 20% in clinical trials in chemotherapy naïve patients are considered by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) panel at high risk. Prophylaxis with myeloid growth factors is recommended at this level of risk (Category 1 recommendation). NCCN Compendium recommend prophylaxis be considered in intermediate-risk (10-20% overall risk of FN) patients (Category 2A recommendation). In addition to chemotherapy regimens, other risk factors such as: treatment-related, patient related, cancer-related, and co-morbidities have also been associated with an increased risk of febrile neutropenia. Therefore, the type of chemotherapy regimen is only one component of the risk assessment.
- For chemotherapy patients, continuing filgrastim until the ANC has reached 10,000/mm<sup>3</sup> following the expected chemotherapy-induced neutrophil nadir (as specified in the G-CSF package insert), is known to be safe and effective. However, a shorter duration of administration that is sufficient to achieve clinically adequate neutrophil recovery is a reasonable alternative, considering issues of patient convenience and cost.<sup>5</sup>





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- Evidence supports dose reduction of pegylated interferon according to FDA approved labeling as treatment for neutropenia occurring in hepatitis C patients treated with combination therapy (pegylated interferon + ribavirin). Treatment with filgrastim is not FDA approved or recommended by current hepatitis C treatment guidelines except in patients with decompensated cirrhosis.
- There are insufficient data to support the use of filgrastim to treat febrile neutropenia in patients who have received prophylactic Neulasta.
- In a randomized, double-blind, multi-center safety and efficacy study of 218 breast cancer patients receiving chemotherapy with a high risk of neutropenia, Zarxio was non-inferior to Neupogen on the primary endpoint of duration of severe neutropenia (1.17 days for Zarxio and 1.20 days for Neupogen).
- NCCN guidelines for myelodysplastic syndrome list filgrastim with a category 2A recommendation for use as initial treatment of symptomatic anemia in lower risk disease with no del (5q), serum erythropoietin levels ≤500 mU/mL, and ring sideroblasts ≥15%. Filgrastim may also be considered for the treatment of symptomatic anemia in lower risk disease with serum erythropoietin levels ≤500 mU/mL, and ring sideroblasts <15% when these is no response to epoetin or darbepoetin alone (category 2A recommendation).</li>
- For patients with a latex allergy, Granix (tbo-filgrastim) and Nivestym (filgrastim-aafi) are considered to be latex free. For Neupogen (filgrastim), and Zarxio (filgrastim-sndz), the presence of latex definitively be ruled out.
- According to the ASCO, 2006 Clinical Practice Guideline for the Use of White Blood Cell Growth Factors, dose reduction or delay remains an appropriate strategy for the palliative treatment of cancer, as there is no evidence that dose maintenance or escalation improves clinically important outcomes in this setting. The 2015 updates to this guideline found no new data supporting the use of colony-stimulating factors (CSFs) to maintain dose-intensity in the treatment of metastatic disease, and the review found no demonstrable benefit in the use of myeloid growth factors to in patients with metastatic lung, small-cell lung, colorectal, hormone-refractory prostate, or breast cancer. To date, there have been no improvements in disease-free or OS reported for any common cancer with the use of CSFs to maintain dose-intensity, instead of dose reduction. The ASCO Panel recognizes that there may be individual patients who will not tolerate effective doses of chemotherapy without CSFs. Medical Oncologists making the decision to use prophylactic MGFs, or not, may need to consider not only the optimal chemotherapy regimen, but also the individual member risk factors and the intention of treatment; that is, curative, prolongation of life, or symptom control and palliation.
- For mobilization of hematopoietic progenitor cells in the autologous setting, NCCN myeloid growth factor treatment guidelines include a dosing range from 10 to 32 mcg/kg/day by subcutaneous injection, in daily or twice-daily dosing, when used as a single-agent growth factor.
- Chemotherapy regimens used in the treatment of Wilms Tumor for which filgrastim supportive care may be considered:





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Regimen M: 9 doses of vincristine, 5 doses of dactinomycin, 5 doses of doxorubicin (cumulative dose 150 mg/m2), 4 courses of 5 daily doses of cyclophosphamide, and 4 courses of 5 daily doses of etoposide over 24 weeks. Dactinomycin and doxorubicin are given together, and cyclophosphamide and etoposide are given together.

Regimen I: 9 doses of vincristine, 4 doses of doxorubicin (cumulative dose 180 mg/m2), 7 courses of 3 to 5 daily doses of cyclophosphamide, and 3 courses of 5 daily doses of etoposide. Doxorubicin and 3 daily doses of cyclophosphamide are given together, and 5 daily doses of cyclophosphamide and etoposide are given together.

Appendix E: Dose Rounding Guidelines\*

Weight-based Dose Range	Vial Quantity Recommendation
$\leq$ 314.99 mcg	1 vial of 300 mcg/1 mL
315-503.99 mcg	1 vial of 480 mcg/1.6 mL
315-629.99 mcg	2 vials of 300 mcg/1 mL
630-944.99 mcg	3 vials of 300 mcg/1 mL
945-1,007.99 mcg	2 vials of 480 mcg/1.6 mL
1,008-1,511.99 mcg	1 vials of 480 mcg/1.6 mL

\*This is part of a dose rounding guideline on select drug classes as part of an initiative conducted on a larger scale with multiple references and prescriber feedback.

Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
Filgrastim	Chemotherapy-	5 mcg/kg SC or IV QD	30 mcg/kg/day [IV] or
(Neupogen),	Induced		24 mcg/kg/day [SC]
filgrastim-	Neutropenia	Dose may be increased in	
sndz		increments of 5 mcg/kg for	
(Zarxio),		each chemotherapy cycle,	
filgrastim-		according to the duration	
aafi		and severity of the ANC	
(Nivestym)		nadir	
		Do not administer 24 hours before and after chemotherapy	
	Chronic	Congenital: 6 mcg/kg SC	30 mcg/kg/day [IV] or
	neutropenia	BID	24 mcg/kg/day [SC]
		Idiopathic or cyclic: 5	
		mcg/kg SC QD	

#### V. Dosage and Administration





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Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
	BMT	10 mcg/kg IV or SC	10 mcg/kg/day
		infusion QD	
	Peripheral blood	10 mcg/kg SC bolus or	10 mcg/kg/day
	progenitor cell	continuous infusion QD	
	collection		
	Patients acutely	10 mcg/kg SC QD	10 mcg/kg/day
	exposed to		
	myelosuppressive		
	doses of radiation		
Tbo-	Myelosuppressive	5 mcg/kg SC or IV QD	5 mcg/kg/day
filgrastim	chemotherapy		
(Granix)			

#### VI. Product Availability

Drug	Availability
Filgrastim	Single-dose prefilled syringes for injection: 300 mcg/0.5 mL, 480
(Neupogen)	mcg/0.8 mL
	Single-dose vials for injection: 300 mcg/mL, 480 mcg/1.6 mL
Filgrastim-sndz	Single-dose prefilled syringes for injection: 300 mcg/0.5 mL, 480
(Zarxio)	mcg/0.8 mL
Filgrastim-aafi	Single-dose prefilled syringes for injection: 300 mcg/0.5 mL, 480
(Nivestym)	mcg/0.8 mL
	Single-dose vials for injection: 300 mcg/mL, 480 mcg/1.6 mL
Tbo-filgrastim	Single-dose prefilled syringes for injection: 300 mcg/0.5 mL, 480
(Granix)	mcg/0.8 mL
	Single-dose vials for injection: 300 mcg/mL, 480 mcg/1.6 mL

#### VII. References

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- 2. Neupogen Prescribing Information. Thousand Oaks, CA: Amgen, Inc.; February 2021. Available at: <u>www.neupogen.com</u>. Accessed June 17, 2021.
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## **Coding Implications**

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-todate sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

HCPCS Codes	Description
J1442	Injection, filgrastim (G-CSF), excludes biosimilars, 1 microgram
J1447	Injection, tbo-filgrastim, 1 microgram
Q5101	Injection, filgrastim (G-CSF), biosimilar, 1 microgram
Q5110	Injection, filgrastim-aafi, biosimilar, 1 microgram

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approva l Date
Policy created.	04.07.20	04.20
3Q 2020 annual review: for chemotherapy-induced neutropenia criteria set, added "For members receiving palliative chemotherapy, provider attestation that chemotherapy dose reduction has been considered"; added appendix F: dose rounding guidelines; added reference to appendix F within criteria; references reviewed and updated.	07.30.20	08.20
AHCCCS preferred Colony Stimulating Factors update effective 4/1/21: Nivestym (syringe) moved from non-preferred to preferred; Added lists of AHCCCS preferred and non-preferred drugs; Clarified medical justification (rather than failure) why Neupogen and	03.19.21	04.21





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Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approva l Date
Nivestym (syringe) cannot be used is required for Granix and Zarxio requests; Corrected that the dosing rounding guidelines are appendix E, not F; Added reference to appendix E within criteria; For peripheral blood progenitor cell collection indication, added option for off-label dosing per guidelines or peer-reviewed literature; references reviewed and updated.		
Added Care1st logo. Added verbiage to specify that criteria also applies to Care1st.	5.10.21	04.21
3Q 2021 annual review: added NCCN compendium supported off- label use in Wilms tumor; references reviewed and updated.	06.17.21	07.21

## **Important Reminder**

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. "Health Plan" means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan's affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.





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This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this clinical policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom the Health Plan has no control or right of control. Providers are not agents or employees of the Health Plan.

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**Note: For Medicaid members**, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

**For Health Insurance Marketplace members**, when applicable, this policy applies only when the prescribed agent is on your health plan approved formulary. Request for non-formulary drugs must be reviewed using the formulary exception policy.

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