



**Clinical Policy: Eteplirsen (Exondys 51)** 

Reference Number: AZ.CP.PHAR.288

Effective Date: 02.15.2020 Last Review Date: 02.22

Line of Business: Arizona Medicaid (AzCH-CCP and Care1st)

**Revision Log** 

See <u>Important Reminder</u> at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

#### **Description**

Eteplirsen (Exondys 51<sup>TM</sup>) is an antisense oligonucleotide.

#### FDA approved indications

Exondys 51 is indicated for the treatment of Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) in patients who have a confirmed mutation of the DMD gene that is amenable to exon 51 skipping.

Limitation(s) of use: This indication is approved under accelerated approval based on an increase in dystrophin in skeletal muscle observed in some patients treated with Exondys 51. A clinical benefit of Exondys 51 has not been established. Continued approval for this indication may be contingent upon verification of a clinical benefit in confirmatory trials.

#### Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

\* Exondys 51 was FDA-approved based on an observed increase in dystrophin in skeletal muscle, but it is unknown if that increase is clinically significant. Continued FDA-approval for this indication may be contingent upon verification of a clinical benefit in confirmatory trials.

It is the policy of Arizona Complete Health-Complete Care Plan and Care1st that Exondys 51 is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

#### I. Initial Approval Criteria

- **A. Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD)** (must meet all):
  - 1. Diagnosis of DMD with mutation amenable to exon 51 skipping confirmed by genetic testing confirmed by copies of the testing;
  - 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist or physician who specializes in the treatment of Duchenne muscular dystrophy (i.e. pediatric neurologist, cardiologist, or pulmonary specialist);
  - 3. Age  $\geq$  7 years;
  - 4. Current weight (within 4 weeks of request);
  - 5. Member is ambulatory and one of the following (a or b);





- a. Documentation of evaluation provided within last 60 days using 6-minute walk test (6MWT);
- b. Documentation of evaluation provided using North Star ambulatory assessment (NSAA)
- 6. Dose does not exceed 30 mg/kg per week.

**Approval duration: 6 months** 

#### **B.** Other diagnoses/indications

1. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): AZ.CP.PMN.53 for Arizona Medicaid.

#### **II.** Continued Therapy

- **A. Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD)** (must meet all):
  - 1. Currently receiving medication for DMD with mutation amenable to exon 51 skipping or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
  - 2. Member is maintaining ambulatory status and one of the following (a or b);
    - a. Documentation of evaluation provided within last 60 days using 6-minute walk test (6MWT);
    - b. Documentation of evaluation provided withing last 60 days using North Star ambulatory assessment (NSAA)

ICER: Institute for Clinical and

- 3. Exondys 51 is not prescribed concurrently with other exon-skipping therapies (e.g., Amondys 45, Vyondys 53, Viltepso);
- 4. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed 30 mg/kg per week.

**Approval duration: 12 months** 

#### III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

**A.** Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies – AZ.CP.PMN.53 for Arizona Medicaid.

#### IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key FDA: Food and Drug Administration

6MWT: 6-minute walk test **Economic Review** 

DMD: Duchenne muscular dystrophy NSAA: North Star Ambulatory Assessment

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.





Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
prednisone*	0.3-0.75 mg/kg/day or 10 mg/kg/weekend PO	Based on weight
Emflaza <sup>TM</sup> (deflazacort)	0.9 mg/kg PO QD	Based on weight

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name® (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name®) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.
\*Off-label

### Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings None reported

#### Appendix D: General Information

- Common mutations amenable to exon 51 skipping include: 3-50, 4-50, 5-50, 6-50, 9-50, 10-50, 11-50, 13-50, 14-50, 15-50, 16-50, 17-50, 19-50, 21-50, 23-50, 24-50, 25-50, 26-50, 27-50, 28-50, 29-50, 30-50, 31-50, 32-50, 33-50, 34-50, 35-50, 36-50, 37-50, 38-50, 39-50, 40-50, 41-50, 42-50, 43-50, 45-50, 47-50, 48-50, 49-50, 50, 52, 52-61, 52-63, 52-64, 52-66, 52-76. The bolded mutations are deletions which make up > 97% of all mutations amenable to skipping exon 51 according to the DMD registration database.
- Corticosteroids are routinely used in DMD management with established efficacy in slowing decline of muscle strength and function (including motor, respiratory, and cardiac). They are recommended for all DMD patients per the American Academy of Neurology (AAN) and DMD Care Considerations Working Group; in addition, the AAN guidelines have been endorsed by the American Academy of Pediatrics, the American Association of Neuromuscular & Electrodiagnostic Medicine, and the Child Neurology Society.
  - The DMD Care Considerations Working Group guidelines, which were updated in 2018, continue to recommend corticosteroids as the mainstay of therapy while Exondys 51 is mentioned only as an emerging treatment.
  - In an evidence report published August 2019, the Institute for Clinical and Economic Review (ICER) states that current evidence is insufficient to conclude that Exondys 51 has net clinical benefit when added to corticosteroids and supportive care versus corticosteroids and supportive care alone.
- Prednisone is the corticosteroid with the most available evidence. A second corticosteroid commonly used is deflazacort, which was FDA approved for DMD in February 2017.
- The inclusion criteria for Study 201 and Study 202, the pivotal studies used to support the FDA approval of Exondys 51, enrolled patients age 7-13 years old with a 6MWT distance ≥ 200 m, LVEF > 40%, and FVC ≥ 50% at baseline.

#### V. Dosage and Administration





Indication	<b>Dosing Regimen</b>	Maximum Dose
DMD	30 mg/kg IV once weekly	30 mg/kg

#### VI. Product Availability

Single-dose vial for injection: 100 mg/2 mL (50 mg/mL), 500 mg/10 mL (50 mg/mL)

#### VII. References

- 1. Exondys 51 Prescribing Information. Cambridge, MA: Sarepta Therapeutics, Inc; July 2020. Available at <a href="https://www.exondys51.com">www.exondys51.com</a>. Accessed September 14, 2021.
- 2. Birnkrant DJ, Bushby K, Bann CM, et al. Diagnosis and management of Duchenne muscular dystrophy, part 1: diagnosis, and neuromuscular, rehabilitation, endocrine, and gastrointestinal and nutritional management. Lancet Neurol. 2018; 17: 251-267.
- 3. Gloss D, Moxley RT, Ashwal S, Oskoui M. Practice guideline update summary: corticosteroid treatment of Duchenne muscular dystrophy. Neurology. 2016; 86: 465-472. Reaffirmed on January 26, 2019.
- 4. Mendell JR, Rodino-Klapac LR, Sahenk Z, et al. Eteplirsen for the treatment of Duchenne muscular dystrophy. Ann Neurol. 2013; 74: 637-647.
- 5. Mendell JR, Goemans N, Lowes LP, et al. Longitudinal effect of eteplirsen versus historical control on ambulation in Duchenne muscular dystrophy. Ann Neurol. 2016; 79: 257-271.
- 6. Khan N, Eliopoulos H, Han L, et al. Eteplirsen treatment attenuates respiratory decline in ambulatory and non-ambulatory patients with Duchenne muscular dystrophy. J Neuromuscul Dis. 2019; 6(2): 213-225.
- 7. Institute for Clinical and Economic Review. Deflazacort, eteplirsen, and golodirsen for Duchenne muscular dystrophy: Effectiveness and value. Published August 15, 2019. Available at: <a href="https://icer-review.org/material/dmd-final-evidence-report">https://icer-review.org/material/dmd-final-evidence-report</a>. Accessed September 14, 2021.
- 8. Sarepta Therapeutics. Amenability to exon 51 skipping. Available at: <a href="https://www.exondys51hcp.com/amenability">https://www.exondys51hcp.com/amenability</a>. Accessed September 14, 2021.

#### **Coding Implications**

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

HCPCS Codes	Description
J1248	Injection, eteplirsen, 10 mg

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
Policy created	01.28.2020	02.20





Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
Added Care1st logo. Added verbiage to specify that criteria also applies to Care1st.	5.10.21	04.21
Policy edited to align with AHCCCS FFS criteria.	02.02.22	02.22

#### **Important Reminder**

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. "Health Plan" means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan's affiliates, as applicable.

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This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

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#### Note:

**For Medicaid members**, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

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